CHASTLETON MEDICAL GROUP

| New Patient Questionnaire – to be completed and return As a new registration to this practice, we are obliged by the NHS to receive free NHS treatment. Entitlement is based on legal resistance previous payment of NICs or taxes. Please bring with you the following can be accepted as identification (it is preferable the Birth Certificate Passport Paid utility bills Bank Card/statement NI Number card Payslip Letter from Benefits Agency/benefit book/signing on or the same part of the complete and payslip Description of the c | Counter Fraud Service to assess your eligibility idency, irrespective of nationality, citizenship or proof of ID and residency. A combination of at one item of photo ID is seen): Medical Card Local Authority Rent Card P45 Papers from Home Office |
|--|--|
| The following documents will not be accepted: Library card, vi book. | deo rental card, health club card, private rent |
| Please make a 20-minute appointment with the Healthcare Assist the registration process. | ant for a new patient medical. This is part of |
| Patient Name: | Date of Birth: |
| Home Telephone No: | Mobile: |
| NHS Number: (Avail | lable from your previous GP surgery) |
| Ethnic Origin Please tick as appropriate: White | |
| Text Messaging Service I am 16 years old or over and I would like to receive text messages from Chastleton We are improving how we communicate with patients. Pleas | I do not want to receive this service se tell us if you need information in a |
| different format or communication support: | |
| Are you a Carer? Yes No If Yes, details: | |
| Do you have a Carer? Yes \(\bigcup \) No \(\bigcup \) If Yes, details: | |
| Current smoker | Ceased:tity per day |

| If yes, please specify: | | | | | | | | |
|---|--------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Medical History - Ser | ious I | llness Details: | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| Family History | | | | | | | | |
| Heart Disease | | Please give details | | | | | | |
| Stroke | | Please give details | | | | | | |
| Cancer | | Please give details | | | | | | |
| Diabetes | | Please give details | | | | | | |
| High Blood Pressure | | Please give details | | | | | | |
| Asthma | | Please give details | | | | | | |
| Other – please specify | | Please give details | | | | | | |
| | | THAT IF YOU ARE ON ANY REPEAT MEDICATION, YOU WILL NEED TO | | | | | | |
| MAKE AN A | PPOIN | TMENT WITH A DOCTOR IN THE SURGERY TO SET UP YOUR REPEATS. | | | | | | |
| Do you drink alcohol? | ? | Yes No No If yes, please complete the alcohol questionnaire below | | | | | | |
| Units per Week: | | (1 Unit = ½ pint beer/cider, 125ml glass of wine or single measure of spirit) | | | | | | |
| Alcohol Question | nnair | e (AUDIT) | | | | | | |
| Please complete by tickin | | | | | | | | |
| Q1 How often do you hav | | | | | | | | |
| Never | | (0 points) | | | | | | |
| Monthly or lessTwo to four times a month | | (1 point) | | | | | | |
| Two to four times a month Two to three times per week | | | | | | | | |
| Four or more times per week (4 points) | | | | | | | | |
| Q2 How many units of alc | ohol d | o you drink on a typical day when you are drinking? | | | | | | |
| • 1 or 2 drinks | | (0 points) | | | | | | |
| 3 or 4 drinks5 or 6 drinks | | (1 point) | | | | | | |
| 7 to 9 drinks | | (2 points) | | | | | | |
| 10 or more drinks | 5 | (4 points) | | | | | | |
| • | e 6 un | its or more if female, or 8 or more units if male, on a single occasion in the last year? | | | | | | |
| • Never | | (0 points) | | | | | | |
| Less than month! Monthly | У | (1 point) | | | | | | |
| MonthlyWeekly | | (2 points) | | | | | | |
| Daily or almost da | aily | (4 points) | | | | | | |
| Total Score: | | | | | | | | |

If total score is 5 or higher, please continue overleaf to more detailed questionnaire.

Alcohol Questionnaire (COMPLETE AUDIT)

| Q4 How often in the last year have you foun | nd you were no | ot able to stop drinking once you had started? |
|--|-----------------|---|
| Never | (0 points) | |
| Less than monthly | (1 point) | |
| Monthly | (2 points) | |
| Weekly | (3 points) | |
| Daily or almost daily | (4 points) | |
| Q5 How often in the last year have you faile drinking? | d to do what w | vas normally expected of you because of your |
| Never | (0 points) | |
| 1 4 41 | (1 points) | |
| • | (2 points) | |
| Monthly Wooldhy | | |
| WeeklyDaily or almost daily | (3 points) | |
| Daily or almost daily | (4 points) | |
| Q6 How often in the last year have you need drinking session? | ded an alcoho | lic drink in the morning to get you going after a heavy |
| Never | (0 points) | |
| Less than monthly | (1 point) | $\overline{\sqcap}$ |
| Monthly | (2 points) | \sqcap |
| Weekly | (3 points) | \sqcap |
| Daily or almost daily | (4 points) | |
| · | , | _ |
| Q7 How often in the last year have you had | | ıilt or remorse after drinking? |
| Never | (0 points) | |
| Less than monthly | (1 point) | |
| Monthly | (2 points) | |
| Weekly | (3 points) | |
| Daily or almost daily | (4 points) | |
| | been able to re | emember what happened the night before because |
| you had been drinking? | (0 1 .) | |
| • Never | (0 points) | |
| Less than monthly | (1 point) | |
| Monthly | (2 points) | |
| Weekly | (3 points) | |
| Daily or almost daily | (4 points) | |
| Q9 How often in the last year have you or se | | peen injured as a result of your drinking? |
| • No | (0 points) | |
| Yes but not in the last year | (2 points) | |
| Yes during the last year | (4 points) | |
| | | erned about your drinking or advised you to cut down? |
| • No | (0 points) | |
| Yes but not in the last year | (2 points) | |
| Yes during the last year | (4 points) | |
| | | |
| Total Score: | | |

Alcohol – How much is too much? Many people drink alcohol and the majority do so without any problems. Drinking can be enjoyable and sometimes helps you to unwind or relax. But heavy drinking, drunk or drinking at the wrong time or in the wrong situation can lead to a range of difficulties.

What is a unit? Units were introduced as a means of measuring the amount of alcohol in a drink. One UK unit is 10ml or 8 grams of pure alcohol. A typical pint of bitter contains one or two units, whilst a glass of wine can contain anything from around one and a half to three units, depending on the size of the glass and the strength of wine.

Am I drinking too much? The daily recommended sensible drinking limits are:

- Men should not regularly drink more than 3 to 4 units of alcohol per day
- Women should not regularly drink more than 2 to 3 units of alcohol per day
- You should take a break for 48 hours after a heavy drinking session for your body to recover.

There is no guaranteed safe level of drinking, but if you drink below the recommended daily limits, the risks of harming your health are low. They do not apply to women who are pregnant (or trying to conceive).

The unit guidance applies to any day when you drink – whether that is most days, once a week or occasionally. Most people drink different amounts on different occasions. Not drinking on some days does not mean that you can drink more than the daily limit on another day. The guidelines provide a maximum limit about how much alcohol your body can deal with in one day – whilst minimising the risks of harm to your health.

Alcohol and Pregnancy. The NHS recommends that pregnant women or women trying to conceive should avoid drinking alcohol. If you choose to drink then protect your baby by not drinking more than one to two units of alcohol once or twice a week, and don't get drunk. Advice is for women to avoid alcohol in the first three months in particular, because of the increased risk of miscarriage. For more information on alcohol and pregnancy visit the NHS Choices website.

Alcohol harm. Alcohol can cause a wide range of physical damage and can cause psychological harm. The health risks of excess alcohol include weight problems, stomach upsets, headaches, anxiety, stress, depression and injuries, liver disease, cancers, strokes, memory loss and sexual difficulties.

Regular over-drinking can significantly increase the risk of alcohol-related harm – and the more you drink the greater the risk. In terms of risk, people who drink alcohol are often broken down into three categories (lower risk, increasing risk and higher risk drinkers).

Lower risk drinkers (who are at low risk of alcohol-related illness) are defined as:

- Men who regularly drink no more than 3 to 4 units a day
- Women who regularly drink no more than 2 to 3 units per day

Increasing risk drinkers (who are at risk of damaging their health) are defined as:

- Men who regularly drink more than 3 to 4 units a day (but drink less than the higher risk levels)
- Women who regularly drink more than 2 to 3 units a day (but drink less than the higher risk levels)

Higher risk drinkers (who have a high risk of alcohol-related illness and of damaging their health) are defined as:

- Men who regularly drink more than 8 units a day or more than 50 units of alcohol per week
- Women who regularly drink more than 6 units a day or more than 35 units of alcohol per week

The impact of alcohol on health: The immediate intoxicating effects of alcohol – reduced inhibitions, impaired judgement, slurred speech and nausea/vomiting, for example – are often easily identifiable; however the longer term health consequences of excessive drinking, despite their serious and potentially deadly nature, may remain undetected. Studies have shown that alcohol is linked to more than 60 different medical conditions.

If you need help or advice you should call the national drink helpline – DRINKLINE: 0800 917 8282 or speak to your GP