Certificates/Letter (No	£20
examination)	
Certificate: Simple Facts/Signature etc	
eic	
Letter: To Whom it May Concern	

Driving	
DVLA Fitness to Drive: Elderly	£100
Driver	
DVLA Fitness to Drive: HGV/Taxi	£100
etc	

Holiday & Travel (No examination)	
Travel Insurance (Holiday	£50
cancellation) Report	
Letter: Medications	£20

Miscellaneous	
DNA Testing First Patient	£60 +
	Price
	from
	lab
DNA Testing Second Patient	£30 +
	Price
	from
	lab
Firearms / Shot Gun Licence	£90
Firearms/Shot Gun Licence	£45
(renewal)	
Maritime/Boating	£100
Childminder Ofsted	£88
Foreign Pension Form	£25
ECO4 Report	£25

Reports (set fees)	
Army Medical Report	£65
BUPA	£35
Fostering/adoption (child	£88.63
assessment)	AH,
	£49.60
	AH2
Local Authority	£100

Tests	
Blood tests including grouping	£40 +
	Price
	from
	lab

If a fee is payable by a patient, the fee will need to be paid before the request for non-NHS work can be actioned.

For anything not listed, please speak with our team in advance of submitting any requests for a quote.



Non-NHS work

FEES LIST

Reviewed and updated – November 2024

Isn't the NHS supposed to be free?

The National Health Service provides most health care to most people free of charge, but there are exceptions: prescription charges have existed since 1951 and there are a number of other services for which fees are charged. Sometimes the charge is made to cover some of the cost of treatment, for example, dental fees; in other cases, it is because the service is not covered by the NHS, for example, providing copies of health records or producing medical reports for insurance companies.

This information in this leaflet has been complied by the British Medical Association (BMA) to help explain why GPs may charge fees.

Surely the doctor is being paid anyway?

It is important to understand that many GPs are not employed by the NHS; they are self-employed and they have to cover their costs - staff, buildings, heating, lighting, etc - in the same way as any small business. The NHS covers these costs for NHS work, but for non-NHS work, the fees charged by GPs contribute towards their costs.

What is covered by the NHS and what is not?

The Government's contract with GPs covers medical services to NHS patients, including the provision of ongoing medical treatment. In recent years, however, more and more organisations have been involving doctors in a whole range of non-medical work.

Sometimes the only reason that GPs are asked is because they are in a position of trust in the community, or because an insurance company or employer wants to ensure that information provided to them is true and accurate.

Examples of non-NHS services for which GPs can charge their own NHS patients are:

- accident/sickness certificates for insurance purposes
- school fee and holiday insurance certificates
- reports for health clubs to certify that patients are fit to exercise

Examples of non-NHS services for which GPs can charge other institutions are:

- life assurance and income protection reports for insurance companies
- reports for the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) in connection with disability living allowance and attendance allowance
- medical reports for local authorities in connection with adoption and fostering

Do GPs have to do non-NHS work for their patients?

With certain limited exceptions, for example a GP confirming that one of their patients is not fit for jury service, GPs do not have to carry out non-NHS work on behalf of their patients. Whilst GPs will always attempt to assist their patients with the completion of forms, for example for insurance purposes, they are not required to do such non-NHS work.

Why does it sometimes take my GP a long time to complete my form?

Time spent completing forms and preparing reports takes the GP away from patient medical care. GPs have a heavy workload and paperwork takes up an increasing amount of their time, so many GPs find they have to take some paperwork home at night and weekends.

I only need the doctor's signature - what is the problem?

When a doctor signs a certificate or completes a report, it is a condition of remaining on the Medical Register that they only sign what they know to be true. In order to complete even the simplest of forms, therefore, the doctor might have to check the patient's entire medical record. Carelessness or an inaccurate report can have serious consequences for the doctor with the General Medical Council (the doctors' regulatory body) or even the Police.

What will I be charged?

The BMA recommend that GPs tell patients in advance if they will be charged, and what the fee will be. It is up to individual doctors to decide how much they will charge, but we produce lists of suggested fees which many doctors use.

Imperial Medical Practice's a list of fees is reviewed annually.

What can I do to help?

Not all documents need a doctor's signature by a doctor. You can ask another person in a position of trust to sign such documents free of charge.

If you have several forms requiring completion, present them all at once and ask your GP if he or she is prepared to complete them at the same time to speed up the process.

Do not expect your GP to process forms overnight: urgent requests may mean that a doctor has to make special arrangements to process the form quickly, and this may cost more.