

Havering Crest Primary Care Network

CARE & RESPECT FOR EVERYONE, STANDING TOGETHER

Our PCN comprises of 8 GP practices working together for the benefit of our collective registered population and we are 1 of the 4 PCNs that cover the borough of Havering.

<u>Do you want to know more about Primary Care Networks?</u>

Meet Our Team

CLINICAL DIRECTORS







Our PCN has two named accountable clinical directors, supporting delivery. They provide leadership for networks strategic plans, through working with member practices and the wider PCN to improve the quality and effectiveness of the network services.

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PCN MANAGER



The PCN Manager has operational responsibility for various functions of the Primary Care Network. They are responsible for the delivery and monitoring of projects and services committed to or commissioned by the PCN. So, the PCN manager remains up-to-date on PCN guidance and requirement, gains leadership insights, builds the PCN operating structure.

"Great things are done by a series of small things brought together"

VAN GOGH

CLINICAL PHARMACY TEAM

Clinical Pharmacists work as part of the multidisciplinary team in a patient-facing role to clinically assess and treat patients using their expert knowledge of medicines for specific disease areas.

Pharmacy Technicians complement the work of the Clinical Pharmacist by using their pharmaceutical knowledge to undertake activities such as audits, discharge management, and prescription issuing. This role will be under the supervision of the Clinical Pharmacist and will be part of a wider PCN pharmacy team.







SOCIAL CARE TEAM

The <u>Social Prescribing Link Worker</u> connects people with local community activities and services that can help improve their health and wellbeing.

The <u>Health and Wellbeing Coach</u> supports people to self-identify existing issues and encourage proactive prevention of new and existing illnesses. How? By working in partnership with the client, fostering a positive mindset around health and wellbeing, empowering and motivating their clients to become their own experts. The HWBC is a supportive guide that helps clients set health goals, whether to lose weight, improve energy, better manage stress, and much more.



Bruna Fonseca

The Care Coordinator's role will support the clinical director and member practices in coordinating all key activities including access to services, advice, and information, and ensuring health and care planning is timely, efficient, and patient-centered.

SHAT MATTERS & NHS NHS Care coordinator FRSONALISED CA Health and Mental Lonely health needs and isolated Link to Link to voluntary sector | community community services secondary care other statutory organisations mental health teams Link to wellbeing activities confidence knowledge self-management behaviour change

What is Personalised Care?

Personalised care
represents a new
relationship between
people, professionals and
the health and care
system. It provides a
positive shift in power and
decision making that
enables people to have a
voice, to be heard and be
connected to each other
and their communities.



DIETITIAN



<u>Registered dietitians</u> are the only qualified health professionals that assess, diagnose and treat dietary and nutritional problems at an individual and wider public health level.

MENTAL HEALTH PRACTITIONER

The Mental Health Practitioner works as part of the PCN multidisciplinary team. Provides a bridge between primary care and specialist mental health providers. Can draw on a range of provider mental health services.

PHYSICIAN ASSOCIATE

Physician Associates are healthcare professionals with a general medical education who work alongside and under the supervision of GPs providing clinical care as part of a wider multidisciplinary team.

How to access the PCN services?

Contact your GP practice, where a receptionist, GP or nurse will be able to book you in or refer you to the PCN professional.

Meet our Physician Associate

"My name is Stephany Osei-Amoako. I am a qualified Physician Associate (PA-R). Following 2 years post-graduate training, I worked as a PA in hospital clinic in Sleep Medicine & Pulmonary Physiology dealing with patients with Sleep Apnoea and those requiring Non-Invasive Ventilation. I also have a background in diabetic retinal screening, which I did for 7 years.

In GP, using my general knowledge and skill to provide holistic care and treatment, I usually have on the day face to face or telephone appointment, where I see a wide range of patients, from children to older people, taking histories, examining patients and developing management plans under the supervision of a doctor.

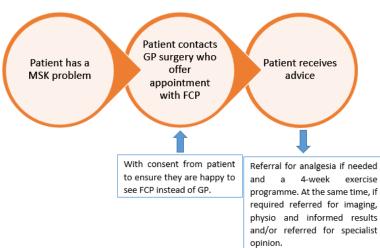
I also review medications, blood results and perform asthma and COPD reviews as well as diabetic foot checks. I have an interest in hypertension and postpartum checks."

MSK TEAM



A FCP (First Contact Practitioner) is a diagnostic clinician working in Primary Care. The FCP is able to assess and manage MSK (muscle or joint) problems.

Roma Dass



A <u>podiatrist</u> specialises in the foot and ankle, aiming to improve mobility and independence for their patients. Ibrahim is a podiatrist, having worked previously in a number of NHS trusts. He has a wide knowledge base and experience across the field of podiatry. A podiatrist specialises in the foot and ankle, aiming to improve mobility and independence for their patients. Ibrahim can offer an assessment and treatment where required in regards to the foot and ankle. Patients can phone the surgery to book an appointment with him.



Ibrahim Miah



Parkavi Parthasarathy

Occupational Therapy provides practical support to empower people to facilitate recovery and overcome barriers preventing them from doing the activities (or occupations) that matter to them. This support increases people's independence and satisfaction in all aspects of life.

"Take care of your body. It's the only place you have to live in."

JIM ROHN





PATIENT PARTICIPATION GROUP

NEXT MEETING 23rd JUNE 2022 VENUE: Chadwell Heath Community Centre High Road, Chadwell Heath, RM6 6AS

What are Patient Participation Groups (PPGs)?

Since April 2015, it has been a contractual requirement of NHS England for all GP practices to have a PPG and to make reasonable efforts for this to be representative of the practice population.

A Patient Participation Group (PPG) is a group of patients, carers and GP practice staff who meet to discuss practice issues and patient experience to help improve the service.

Who is part of the PPG?

A PPG is open to every patient on the GP practice list. All communities, groups, genders, ages, ethnicities, and disabilities representing the patient list are encouraged to join.

What is the role of the PPG?

The aims and work of each PPG depends entirely on local needs, but they all have the aim of making sure that their practice puts the patient and improving health at the heart of everything it does.

Source: The patients association

PPG | More information

What is a Patient Participation Group?

PPG | HAVERING CREST PCN



PATIENT HEALTH PREVENTION OF FALLS

by Parkavi Parthasarathy, PCN Occupational Therapist

Anyone can have a fall, but older people are more vulnerable and likely to fall, especially if they have a long-term health condition.

Falls are a common, but often overlooked, cause of injury. Around 1 in 3 adults over 65 and half of people over 80 will have at least one fall a year.

Most falls do not result in serious injury. But there's always a risk that a fall could lead to broken bones, and it can cause the person to lose confidence, become withdrawn, and feel as if they have lost their independence.

What should I do if I fall?

If you have a fall, it's important to keep calm. If you're not hurt and you feel strong enough to get up, do not get up quickly. Roll onto your hands and knees and look for a stable piece of furniture, such as a chair or bed.

Hold on to the furniture with both hands to support yourself and, when you feel ready, slowly get up. Sit down and rest for a while before carrying on with your daily activities.

Source: NHS | Conditions | Falls

One of the options to manage falls is with use of pendant alarms and /or falls detectors.

Telecare information and links can vary with the borough (Barking and Dagenham, Havering or Redbridge) you live in.

Please clink on the respective borough side links for more information about self-referral for telecare items i.e pendant alarm, falls detectors, sensors etc.

Kindly contact me directly, should you have any queries via email Parkavi.Parthasarathy@nhs.net

*https://www.lbbd.gov.uk/telecare-and-careline-alarms https://www.havering.gov.uk/info/20190/telecare/736/careline https://mylife.redbridge.gov.uk/lifeline-and-telecare Please click on the relevant link for more information.

You can call on the number in the website for any queries.

*<u>Barking & Dagenham |</u> Telecare and Careline Alarms

<u>Havering | Careline</u>

Redbridge | Lifeline & Telecare





PATIENT HEALTH

IMPROVE YOUR MOBILITY AND INDEPENDENCE by Ibrahim Miah, PCN Podiatrist

As mentioned in the last pages, a podiatrist specialises in the foot and ankle, aiming to improve mobility and independence for their patients.

Below we will briefly discuss three very common foot problems and things you can do to help yourself in the first instance.

Heel Pain

This is very broad and in most cases multifactorial. Generally, it is mechanical in nature, exacerbated with ill-fitting footwear.

Anyone can get heel pain, but those that are overweight, stand long periods and begin a new exercise or do too much in a short space of time tend to be more prevalent to this condition.

In the first instance, try to rest where possible. A review of footwear is advised - avoid flat, soft and tight footwear. Look for a more 'running style' trainers with appropriate fastening and good cushioning.



If you experience any foot related issues that does not resolve or minimize on its own within four weeks, it is recommended that you see a podiatrist.



PATIENT HEALTH

IMPROVE YOUR MOBILITY AND INDEPENDENCE by Ibrahim Miah, PCN Podiatrist

Corns and Callus

Corns are generally caused by friction/pressure over bony areas. Callus is an area of hardened thick skin. It usually grows over a bony prominence or a deformity. It can also be caused by the way an individual walks or simply rubbing from ill-fitting footwear. In most cases corns and callus can be asymptomatic. Again, a review of footwear in the first instance would be sensible. However, if is painful, a podiatrist may use a scalpel to remove it and discuss other conservative measures to help prevent them from recurring.

Ingrowing toenail

This is when a side of the nail pierces into the skin. It can be extremely painful and inflamed or infected.

In more severe cases, it can cause pus and bleeding. Common causes are not cutting toenails properly, tight footwear, hosiery and socks pushing the toe flesh onto the nail.

Brittle nails with sharp edges or habit of breaking off bits of nail that are sticking out, increases the chance of developing an ingrowing toenail.

In the first instance, bathe the foot in warm salty water and then cover it with a sterile dressing. See a podiatrist as this may require a minor surgery to resolve this.

Source: The Royal College of Podiatry

If you experience any foot related issues that does not resolve or minimize on its own within four weeks, it is recommended that you see a podiatrist.



ANNOUNCEMENTS, EVENTS, AND UPDATES

